### SAFETY DATA SHEET

# Interfloor Stikatak Superspray S707

According to Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006, Annex II, as amended. Commission Regulation (EU) No 2015/830 of 28 May 2015.

### SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

### 1.1. Product identifier

Product name Interfloor Stikatak Superspray S707

Container size 500ml

**REACH registration notes**All chemicals used in this product have been registered under REACH where required.

# 1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

**Identified uses** Adhesive.

**Uses advised against** Flexible PVC due to the risk of plasticiser migration.

# 1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Supplier Interfloor Ltd

Broadway Haslingden Rossendale Lancashire BB4 4LS

Tel 01706 238 810 Fax 01706 214 737

### 1.4. Emergency telephone number

Emergency telephone Interfloor Ltd ++ 44 (0) 1706 238 810 (Mon-Fri 09:00 to 17:00)

### SECTION 2: Hazards identification

# 2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

Classification (EC 1272/2008)

Physical hazards Aerosol 1 - H222, H229

Health hazards Skin Irrit. 2 - H315 Eye Irrit. 2 - H319 STOT SE 3 - H336

**Environmental hazards** Aquatic Chronic 3 - H412

### 2.2. Label elements

#### Hazard pictograms





Signal word Danger

Hazard statements H222 Extremely flammable aerosol.

H229 Pressurised container: may burst if heated.

H315 Causes skin irritation.

H319 Causes serious eye irritation. H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

H412 Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

# Interfloor Stikatak Superspray S707

Precautionary statements P210 Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No

smoking.

P211 Do not spray on an open flame or other ignition source.

P251 Do not pierce or burn, even after use. P261 Avoid breathing vapour/ spray.

P271 Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.

P410+P412 Protect from sunlight. Do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50°C/122°F.

P501 Dispose of contents/ container in accordance with national regulations.

P314 Get medical advice/ attention if you feel unwell.

Contains ACETONE, Hydrocarbons, C6-C7, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, <5% n-hexane

### 2.3. Other hazards

Containers should be thoroughly emptied before disposal because of the risk of an explosion. Prolonged or repeated contact with skin may cause irritation, redness and dermatitis. In use may form flammable/explosive vapour-air mixture. Vapours are heavier than air and may spread near ground and travel a considerable distance to a source of ignition and flash back. This product does not contain any substances classified as PBT or vPvB.

#### SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

#### 3.2. Mixtures

# PETROLEUM GASES, LIQUEFIED; PETROLEUM GAS

30-60%

<0.1% 1,3 BUTADIENE

Classification

Flam. Gas 1 - H220 Press. Gas (Liq.) - H280

ACETONE 10-30%

CAS number: 67-64-1 EC number: 200-662-2 REACH registration number: 01-

2119471330-49-XXXX

Classification

Flam. Liq. 2 - H225 Eye Irrit. 2 - H319 STOT SE 3 - H336

# Hydrocarbons, C6-C7, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, <5% n-

10-30%

hexane

CAS number: — EC number: 921-024-6 REACH registration number: 01-

2119475514-35-XXXX

Classification

Flam. Liq. 2 - H225 Skin Irrit. 2 - H315 STOT SE 3 - H336 Asp. Tox. 1 - H304

Aquatic Chronic 2 - H411

The full text for all hazard statements is displayed in Section 16.

# Interfloor Stikatak Superspray S707

CAS 68476-85-7 - Petroleum Gas, The substance contains less than 0.1% w/w 1,3-

butadiene, meaning that the full harmonised classification regarding Muta. 1B H340 and Carc.

1A H350 does not apply.

### SECTION 4: First aid measures

### 4.1. Description of first aid measures

General information Move affected person to fresh air at once. Show this Safety Data Sheet to the medical

personnel.

**Inhalation** Move affected person to fresh air and keep warm and at rest in a position comfortable for

breathing. Keep affected person under observation. If breathing stops, provide artificial

respiration. Get medical attention immediately.

**Ingestion** Rinse mouth thoroughly with water. Get medical attention. Do not induce vomiting.

Skin contact Remove contaminated clothing immediately and wash skin with soap and water. Get medical

attention if any discomfort continues.

Eye contact Rinse immediately with plenty of water. Remove any contact lenses and open eyelids wide

apart. Continue to rinse for at least 15 minutes. Get medical attention if irritation persists after

washing. If adhesive bonding occurs, do not force eyelids apart.

Protection of first aiders First aid personnel should wear appropriate protective equipment during any rescue.

### 4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

General information The severity of the symptoms described will vary dependent on the concentration and the

length of exposure. Prolonged and repeated contact with solvents over a long period may lead

to permanent health problems.

**Inhalation** Coughing, chest tightness, feeling of chest pressure. Exposure may cause coughing or

wheezing. In case of overexposure, organic solvents may depress the central nervous system causing dizziness and intoxication, and at very high concentrations unconsciousness and

death.

**Ingestion** There may be soreness and redness of the mouth and throat.

Skin contact Prolonged contact may cause redness, irritation and dry skin. Product has a defatting effect

on skin.

**Eye contact** There may be irritation and redness. Eyes may water profusely. Irritating to eyes.

#### 4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

**Notes for the doctor** Show this safety data sheet to the doctor in attendance. The following symptoms may occur:

Nausea, headache, dizziness, coughing and breathing difficulty.

**Specific treatments** If adhesive bonding occurs, do not force eyelids apart.

# SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

### 5.1. Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media Water spray, dry powder or carbon dioxide. Alcohol-resistant foam.

Unsuitable extinguishing

media

Do not use water jet as an extinguisher, as this will spread the fire.

### 5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

# Interfloor Stikatak Superspray S707

Specific hazards Containers can burst violently or explode when heated, due to excessive pressure build-up.

Forms explosive mixtures with air. May explode when heated or when exposed to flames or sparks. Vapours are heavier than air and may spread near ground and travel a considerable

distance to a source of ignition and flash back.

Hazardous combustion products

Oxides of carbon. Acrid smoke or fumes.

5.3. Advice for firefighters

Protective actions during firefighting

Use water to keep fire exposed containers cool and disperse vapours. If a leak or spill has not ignited, use water spray to disperse vapours and protect men stopping the leak. Control runoff water by containing and keeping it out of sewers and watercourses.

Special protective equipment for firefighters

Wear positive-pressure self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) and appropriate protective clothing.

### SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

### 6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Personal precautions Wear protective clothing as described in Section 8 of this safety data sheet. Wear suitable

protective equipment, including gloves, goggles/face shield, respirator, boots, clothing or apron, as appropriate. Do not breathe vapour. Avoid contact with eyes and prolonged skin

contact.

For non-emergency personnel For the greatest protection, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves.

For emergency responders For the greatest protection, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves.

6.2. Environmental precautions

Environmental precautions Contain the spillage using bunding. Contain spillage with sand, earth or other suitable non-

combustible material.

# 6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Methods for cleaning up Eliminate all sources of ignition. No smoking, sparks, flames or other sources of ignition near

spillage. Provide adequate ventilation. Absorb in vermiculite, dry sand or earth and place into containers. Avoid the spillage or runoff entering drains, sewers or watercourses. Collect spillage for reclamation or disposal in sealed containers via a licensed waste contractor. Avoid water contacting spilled material or leaking containers. Approach the spillage from upwind.

Take precautionary measures against static discharge. Use only non-sparking tools.

#### 6.4. Reference to other sections

Reference to other sections For personal protection, see Section 8. For waste disposal, see Section 13.

### SECTION 7: Handling and storage

# 7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Usage precautions Keep away from heat, sparks and open flame. Static electricity and formation of sparks must

be prevented. Wear protective clothing as described in Section 8 of this safety data sheet. Read and follow manufacturer's recommendations. Do not use in confined spaces without adequate ventilation and/or respirator. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.

Advice on general occupational hygiene

Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. Wash after use and before eating, smoking and using the toilet. Do not smoke in work area. Clean equipment and the work area every day.

### 7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

# Interfloor Stikatak Superspray S707

Storage precautions Under normal conditions of handling and storage, spillages from aerosol containers are

unlikely. Store in tightly-closed, original container in a dry, cool and well-ventilated place. Store away from the following materials: Alkalis. Avoid exposure to high temperatures or

direct sunlight.

Storage class Extremely Flammable Aerosol

7.3. Specific end use(s)

Specific end use(s) The identified uses for this product are detailed in Section 1.2.

**Usage description** Solvent based adhesive aerosol.

# SECTION 8: Exposure controls/Personal protection

### 8.1. Control parameters

# Occupational exposure limits

### PETROLEUM GASES, LIQUEFIED; PETROLEUM GAS <0.1% 1,3 BUTADIENE

Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA): WEL 1000 ppm 1750 mg/m³ Short-term exposure limit (15-minute): WEL 1250 ppm 2180 mg/m³

### **ACETONE**

Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA): WEL 500 ppm 1210 mg/m³ Short-term exposure limit (15-minute): WEL 1500 ppm 3620 mg/m³ WEL = Workplace Exposure Limit.

Ingredient comments WEL = Workplace Exposure Limits

# **ACETONE (CAS: 67-64-1)**

**DNEL** Consumer - Oral; Long term : 62 mg/kg/day

Consumer - Dermal; Long term : 62 mg/kg/day Industry - Dermal; Long term : 186 mg/kg/day Consumer - Inhalation; Long term : 200 mg/m³ Industry - Inhalation; Short term : 2420 mg/m³ Industry - Inhalation; Long term : 1210

PNEC - Fresh water; 10.6 mg/l

- marine water; 1.06 mg/l - Intermittent release; 21 mg/l

- Soil; 29.5 mg/l

Sediment (Marinewater); 3.04 mg/kgSediment (Freshwater); 30.4 mg/kg

### Hydrocarbons, C6-C7, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, <5% n-hexane

**DNEL** Consumer - Oral; Long term systemic effects: 699 mg/kg/day

Workers - Oral; Long term systemic effects: 2035 mg/kg/day Consumer - Dermal; Long term systemic effects: 699 mg/kg/day Workers - Dermal; Long term systemic effects: 773 mg/kg/day Consumer - Inhalation; Long term systemic effects: 608 mg/m³

#### 8.2. Exposure controls

### Protective equipment









# Interfloor Stikatak Superspray S707

Appropriate engineering controls

Provide adequate ventilation. Ensure that the direction of airflow is clearly away from the worker. Use approved respirator if air contamination is above an acceptable level. Observe any occupational exposure limits for the product or ingredients. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapour or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof electrical, ventilating and lighting equipment. Ensure operatives are trained to minimise exposure.

Personal protection Wear protective work clothing.

**Eye/face protection** Wear chemical splash goggles. Personal protective equipment for eye and face protection

should comply with European Standard EN166.

**Hand protection** To protect hands from chemicals, gloves should comply with European Standard EN374.

(PE/PA/PE), 2.5mil (0.06mm), >480 min. Nitrile rubber. It should be noted that liquid may penetrate the gloves. Frequent changes are recommended. Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn if a risk assessment indicates skin contact is possible. The most suitable glove should be chosen in consultation with the glove supplier/manufacturer, who can provide information about the breakthrough time of the glove material. The breakthrough time for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. When used with mixtures, the protection time of gloves cannot be

accurately estimated.

Other skin and body

protection

Provide eyewash station. Avoid contact with skin. Wear suitable coveralls to prevent exposure

to the skin.

**Hygiene measures** Promptly remove any clothing that becomes contaminated. Wash promptly if skin becomes

contaminated. When using do not eat, drink or smoke. Use appropriate hand lotion to prevent defatting and cracking of skin. Wash at the end of each work shift and before eating, smoking

and using the toilet.

Respiratory protection If ventilation is inadequate, suitable respiratory protection must be worn. In confined or poorly-

ventilated spaces, a supplied-air respirator must be worn. Respiratory protection complying with an approved standard should be worn if a risk assessment indicates inhalation of contaminants is possible. When spraying, wear a respirator fitted with the following cartridge:

Gas filter, type AX.

**Thermal hazards** Extremely cold, can cause frost bite.

**Environmental exposure** 

controls

Residues and empty containers should be taken care of as hazardous waste according to

local and national provisions.

### SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

### 9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Appearance Aerosol.

Colour Amber.

Odour Acetone. Ketonic.

Odour threshold Data lacking.

**pH** pH (concentrated solution): 7

Melting point Data lacking.

Initial boiling point and range Acetone: 55.8-56.6°C @ 760 mm Hg

Hydrocarbons, C6-C7, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, <5% n-hexane: 75-93°C @ 760 mm Hg

Flash point A flash point method is not available but the major hazardous component, the Propellant has

a flash point of <-60°C with flammability limits of 10.9% vol. upper and 1.4% vol. lower.

# Interfloor Stikatak Superspray S707

Evaporation rateNot available.Evaporation factorNot available.Flammability (solid, gas)Not available.

Upper/lower flammability or

explosive limits

Vapour pressure

Not available.

4.75 bar @ 20°C 8.0 bar @ 50°C

Other flammability No specific test data are available.

Vapour density Not available.

Relative density Liquid base: 0.84 @ 20°C

Bulk density Not applicable.

Solubility(ies) Insoluble in water.

Partition coefficient Not available.

Auto-ignition temperature Not available.

**Decomposition Temperature** Not available.

Viscosity Liquid base: 50-150 cP @ 20°C

**Explosive properties** In use may form flammable/explosive vapour-air mixture.

Explosive under the influence

of a flame

Yes In use may form flammable/explosive vapour-air mixture.

Oxidising properties Does not meet the criteria for classification as oxidising.

9.2. Other information

Volatile organic compound This product contains a maximum VOC content of 545 g/l.

### SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

### 10.1. Reactivity

**Reactivity** Stable under recommended transport or storage conditions.

10.2. Chemical stability

Stable at normal ambient temperatures and when used as recommended. Highly volatile.

### 10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

Possibility of hazardous

reactions

Will not polymerise. In use may form flammable/explosive vapour-air mixture.

### 10.4. Conditions to avoid

Conditions to avoid Avoid heat, flames and other sources of ignition. Containers can burst violently or explode

when heated, due to excessive pressure build-up. Avoid the accumulation of vapours in low or

confined areas.

### 10.5. Incompatible materials

Materials to avoid Strong acids. Strong oxidising agents. Strong alkalis.

# 10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

Hazardous decomposition

Oxides of carbon.

products

# Interfloor Stikatak Superspray S707

### SECTION 11: Toxicological information

### 11.1. Information on toxicological effects

General information Prolonged and repeated contact with solvents over a long period may lead to permanent

health problems.

Inhalation High exposures may cause an abnormal heart rhythm and prove suddenly fatal. Very high

atmospheric concentrations may cause anaesthetic effects and asphyxiation. There may be irritation of the throat with a feeling of tightness in the chest. Exposure may cause coughing or

wheezing.

Ingestion Ingestion may cause severe irritation of the mouth, the oesophagus and the gastrointestinal

tract. Harmful: may cause lung damage if swallowed. May cause nausea, headache,

dizziness and intoxication.

**Skin contact** Prolonged contact may cause redness, irritation and dry skin.

Eye contact Irritating to eyes. There maybe irritation and redness. Eyes may water profusely

Acute and chronic health

hazards

Prolonged and repeated contact with solvents over a long period may lead to permanent

health problems. Frequent inhalation of vapours may cause respiratory allergy.

Route of exposure Inhalation Skin absorption

Target organs Central nervous system Respiratory system, lungs Skin

**Medical symptoms** Narcotic effect. Vapours may cause drowsiness and dizziness.

Toxicological information on ingredients.

### PETROLEUM GASES, LIQUEFIED; PETROLEUM GAS <0.1% 1,3 BUTADIENE

**Toxicological effects** Information given is based on data of the components and of similar products.

Acute toxicity - oral

Notes (oral LD<sub>50</sub>) Not applicable.

Acute toxicity - dermal

Notes (dermal LD<sub>50</sub>) Not applicable.

Acute toxicity - inhalation

Notes (inhalation LC<sub>50</sub>) LC<sub>50</sub> >20 mg/l, Inhalation, Rat

Skin corrosion/irritation

**Skin corrosion/irritation** Not irritating.

Serious eye damage/irritation

Serious eye Not irritating.

damage/irritation

Respiratory sensitisation

**Respiratory sensitisation** Not sensitising.

Skin sensitisation

**Skin sensitisation** Not sensitising.

Germ cell mutagenicity

**Genotoxicity - in vitro**This substance has no evidence of mutagenic properties.

# Interfloor Stikatak Superspray S707

Carcinogenicity

Carcinogenicity Carcinogenicity in humans is not expected.

Reproductive toxicity

Reproductive toxicity -

fertility

Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

Reproductive toxicity -

development

Does not contain any substances known to be toxic to reproduction.

Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure

STOT - single exposure A single exposure may cause the following adverse effects: Overexposure to

organic solvents may depress the central nervous system, causing dizziness and

intoxication and, at very high concentrations, unconsciousness and death.

Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure

STOT - repeated exposure Not classified as a specific target organ toxicant after repeated exposure.

Aspiration hazard

Aspiration hazard Not anticipated to present an aspiration hazard, based on chemical structure.

Inhalation May cause respiratory system irritation.

Skin contact Spray will evaporate and cool rapidly and may cause frostbite or cold burns if in

contact with skin.

Route of exposure Inhalation Skin and/or eye contact

**ACETONE** 

**Toxicological effects** The toxicity of this substance has been assessed during REACH registration.

Acute toxicity - dermal

Acute toxicity dermal (LD<sub>50</sub> 2,000.0

mg/kg)

Rabbit **Species** 

Skin sensitisation

Skin sensitisation Epidemiological studies have shown no evidence of skin sensitisation.

Skin contact Irritating to skin. Eye contact Irritating to eyes.

Hydrocarbons, C6-C7, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, <5% n-hexane

Acute toxicity - oral

Acute toxicity oral (LD50

5.000.0

mg/kg)

**Species** Rat

Acute toxicity - dermal

# Interfloor Stikatak Superspray S707

Acute toxicity dermal (LD<sub>50</sub> 2,000.0

mg/kg)

Species Rabbit

Skin corrosion/irritation

**Skin corrosion/irritation** Skin irritation.

Serious eye damage/irritation

Serious eye

Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

damage/irritation

Respiratory sensitisation

Respiratory sensitisation Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

Skin sensitisation

**Skin sensitisation** Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

Germ cell mutagenicity

**Genotoxicity - in vitro**Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

**Genotoxicity - in vivo**Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

Carcinogenicity

**Carcinogenicity** Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure

**STOT - single exposure** May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure

STOT - repeated exposure Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

Aspiration hazard

**Aspiration hazard** May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

### SECTION 12: Ecological information

**Ecotoxicity** The product contains substances which are toxic to aquatic organisms and which may cause

long-term adverse effects in the aquatic environment.

Ecological information on ingredients.

PETROLEUM GASES, LIQUEFIED; PETROLEUM GAS < 0.1% 1,3 BUTADIENE

**Ecotoxicity** Information given is based on data of the components and of similar products.

12.1. Toxicity

**Toxicity** Harmful to aquatic organisms, may cause long-term adverse effects in the aquatic

environment.

Ecological information on ingredients.

PETROLEUM GASES, LIQUEFIED; PETROLEUM GAS <0.1% 1,3 BUTADIENE

**Toxicity** Not regarded as dangerous for the environment. The product is not believed to

present a hazard due to its physical nature. Highly volatile.

**ACETONE** 

# Interfloor Stikatak Superspray S707

Acute aquatic toxicity

Acute toxicity - fish LC<sub>50</sub>, 96 hours: >100 mg/l, Fish

Acute toxicity - aquatic

invertebrates

EC<sub>50</sub>, 48 hours: 12600 mg/l, Daphnia magna EC<sub>50</sub>, 48 hours: 8300 mg/l, Daphnia magna

Acute toxicity - aquatic

plants

IC<sub>50</sub>, 72 hours: >100 mg/l, Algae

Chronic aquatic toxicity

Chronic toxicity - aquatic

invertebrates

NOEC, 28 days: >10<100 mg/l, Freshwater invertebrates

Hydrocarbons, C6-C7, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, <5% n-hexane

Acute aquatic toxicity

Acute toxicity - fish LC<sub>50</sub>, : 1-10 mg/l, Fish

NOEC, : 1-10 mg/l, Fish

Acute toxicity - aquatic

plants

LC<sub>50</sub>, : 10-100 mg/l, Algae

**Acute toxicity -** LC<sub>50</sub>, : 1-10 mg/l, Activated sludge microorganisms NOEC, : 0.1-1 mg/l, Activated sludge

12.2. Persistence and degradability

Ecological information on ingredients.

PETROLEUM GASES, LIQUEFIED; PETROLEUM GAS <0.1% 1,3 BUTADIENE

Persistence and degradability

The product is readily biodegradable.

**ACETONE** 

Persistence and degradability

The product is readily biodegradable.

Hydrocarbons, C6-C7, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, <5% n-hexane

Persistence and degradability

No data available.

12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

Bioaccumulative potential No data available on bioaccumulation.

Partition coefficient Not available.

Ecological information on ingredients.

PETROLEUM GASES, LIQUEFIED; PETROLEUM GAS <0.1% 1,3 BUTADIENE

Bioaccumulative potential Bioaccumulation is unlikely.

Hydrocarbons, C6-C7, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, <5% n-hexane

Bioaccumulative potential Not available.

12.4. Mobility in soil

# Interfloor Stikatak Superspray S707

**Mobility** Readily absorbed into soil.

Ecological information on ingredients.

### PETROLEUM GASES, LIQUEFIED; PETROLEUM GAS < 0.1% 1,3 BUTADIENE

Mobility The product contains volatile organic compounds (VOCs) which will evaporate

easily from all surfaces.

#### 12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

This product does not contain any substances classified as PBT or vPvB.

Ecological information on ingredients.

### PETROLEUM GASES, LIQUEFIED; PETROLEUM GAS <0.1% 1,3 BUTADIENE

**Results of PBT and vPvB** This product does not contain any substances classified as PBT or vPvB. assessment

### **ACETONE**

**Results of PBT and vPvB** This product does not contain any substances classified as PBT or vPvB. assessment

12.6. Other adverse effects

Other adverse effects Not available.

Ecological information on ingredients.

# Hydrocarbons, C6-C7, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, <5% n-hexane

may cause long-term adverse effects in the aquatic environment.

### **SECTION 13: Disposal considerations**

### 13.1. Waste treatment methods

General information Ensure containers are empty before discarding (explosion risk). Must not be disposed of

together with household waste.

**Disposal methods**Do not puncture or incinerate, even when empty. Avoid the spillage or runoff entering drains,

sewers or watercourses. Dispose of waste to licensed waste disposal site in accordance with the requirements of the local Waste Disposal Authority. Residues and empty containers should be taken care of as hazardous waste according to local and national provisions.

Waste class Full or Partially Empty Aerosol: 16 05 04, Empty Aerosol: 15 01 10 (Containing hazardous

residues), Empty Aerosol: 15 01 04 (No hazardous residues).

# **SECTION 14: Transport information**

General This product is packed in accordance with the Limited quantity Provisions of CDGCPL2, ADR

and IMDG. These provisions allow the transport of aerosols of less than 1 litre packed in cartons of less than 30kg gross weight to be exempt from control providing they are labelled in accordance with the requirements of those regulations to show that they are transported as

Limited Quantities. Aerosols not so packed must show the following.

14.1. UN number

**UN No. (ADR/RID)** 1950

# Interfloor Stikatak Superspray S707

**UN No. (IMDG)** 1950 **UN No. (ICAO)** 1950

### 14.2. UN proper shipping name

Proper shipping name

**AEROSOLS** 

(ADR/RID)

Proper shipping name (IMDG) AEROSOLS
Proper shipping name (ICAO) AEROSOLS

Proper shipping name (ADN) AEROSOLS

### 14.3. Transport hazard class(es)

ADR/RID class 2,5F
ADR/RID label 2.1
IMDG class 2.1

ICAO class/division 2.1

#### Transport labels



### 14.4. Packing group

Not applicable.

### 14.5. Environmental hazards

### Environmentally hazardous substance/marine pollutant

No.

# 14.6. Special precautions for user

**EmS** F-D, S-U

Tunnel restriction code (D)

## 14.7. Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL and the IBC Code

Transport in bulk according to Not applicable.

Annex II of MARPOL 73/78

and the IBC Code

#### SECTION 15: Regulatory information

# 15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

National regulations Control of Substances Hazardous to Health Regulations 2002 (as amended).

Health and Safety at Work etc. Act 1974 (as amended).

**EU legislation** Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 18

December 2006 concerning the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of

Chemicals (REACH) (as amended).

Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 16 December 2008 on classification, labelling and packaging of substances and mixtures (as

amended).

# Interfloor Stikatak Superspray S707

Authorisations (Annex XIV

Regulation 1907/2006)

No specific authorisations are known for this product.

Restrictions (Annex XVII Regulation 1907/2006)

No specific restrictions on use are known for this product.

### 15.2. Chemical safety assessment

No chemical safety assessment has been carried out.

### SECTION 16: Other information

Classification procedures A

Aerosol 1 - H222, H229: Weight of evidence.

according to Regulation (EC)

Skin Irrit. 2 - H315, Eye Irrit. 2 - H319, STOT SE 3 - H336, Aquatic Chronic 3 - H412:

1272/2008

Calculation method.

Issued by Technical Department

Revision date 07/07/2017

Revision 9

Supersedes date 17/08/2016

SDS number 10221

Hazard statements in full H220 Extremely flammable gas.

H222 Extremely flammable aerosol.

H225 Highly flammable liquid and vapour.

H229 Pressurised container: may burst if heated.

H280 Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated.

H304 May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

H315 Causes skin irritation.

H319 Causes serious eye irritation.

H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

H411 Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects. H412 Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

This information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process. Such information is, to the best of the company's knowledge and belief, accurate and reliable as of the date indicated. However, no warranty, guarantee or representation is made to its accuracy, reliability or completeness. It is the user's responsibility to satisfy himself as to the suitability of such information for his own particular use.